

StarGenetics – Implementation, evaluation, outreach, & development

Education Group Meeting

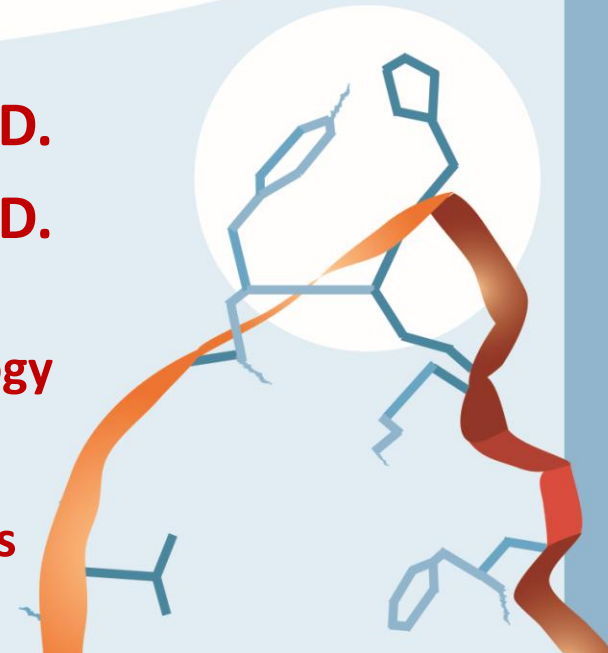
March 11, 2011

Lourdes Alemán, Ph.D.

Stacie Bumgarner, Ph.D.

The Education Group of the MIT Department of Biology

star Software Tools for
Academics & Researchers



Upcoming events....

<http://educationgroup.mit.edu>



Seminars



HHMI Professor Rich Losick

Topic: *Long-Term, Hands-on Research Experiences Engage Students from Diverse Backgrounds*

Date & Time/Location: Friday, April 15th @ 2:00 pm/Whitehead Auditorium



Professor Mike Klymkowsky

Topic: *Bioliteracy and the BCI (Biology Concept Inventory)*

Date & Time/Location: Friday, April 22 @ 2:30 pm/Whitehead Auditorium



Dr. Laura Border

Topic: *The Graduate Teacher Program – Synergy between teaching & science*

Date & Time/Location: Wednesday, May 25th @ 2:30 pm/66-110

Seminars



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**Sign up sheet:
Lunch w/ speakers**

Education Group Meeting



Dr. Ishara Mills-Henry

Topic: *Science of the Eye Outreach Program (Jon King)*

Date & Time/Location: Thursday, April 7th @ 3:00 pm/ 68-180

Education Group Meetings



Dr. Ishara Mills-Henry

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**Sign up sheet:
Ed Group meetings
participants**

Help build DNA LEGO molecules sets for Boston Public Schools

Dr. Kathy Vandiver/Dr. Amanda Gruhl (CEHS/MIT Museum/Edgerton Center)

See Movie1: DNA LEGO molecule sets

Help build DNA LEGO molecules sets for Boston Public Schools

Dr. Kathy Vandiver/Dr. Amanda Gruhl

Date & Time: Monday, March 21st @ 6 – 9 pm

Location: 56-202 (CEHS conference room)

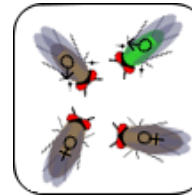
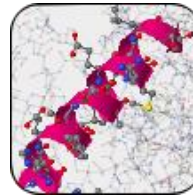


**Sign up sheet:
Volunteers!**

star

Software Tools for
Academics & Researchers

Biology tools



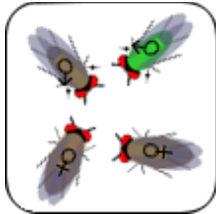
<http://web.mit.edu/star/>

STAR biology tools

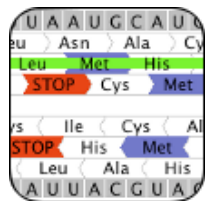
- ▶ **StarBiochem:** protein 3D viewer



- ▶ **StarGenetics:** virtual genetics laboratory

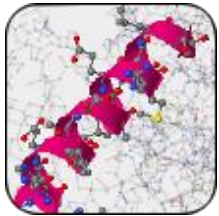


- ▶ **StarORF:** gene finger (six frame translator)



Design process of STAR tools

StarBiochem

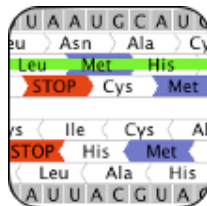
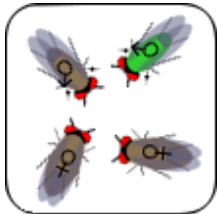


Professor: Graham Walker

OEIT: Chuck Shubert

Introductory Biology Series (7.01X)

StarGenetics/StarORF



Professor: Chris Kaiser

OEIT: Ivan Ceraj

Introductory Biology Series (7.01X)

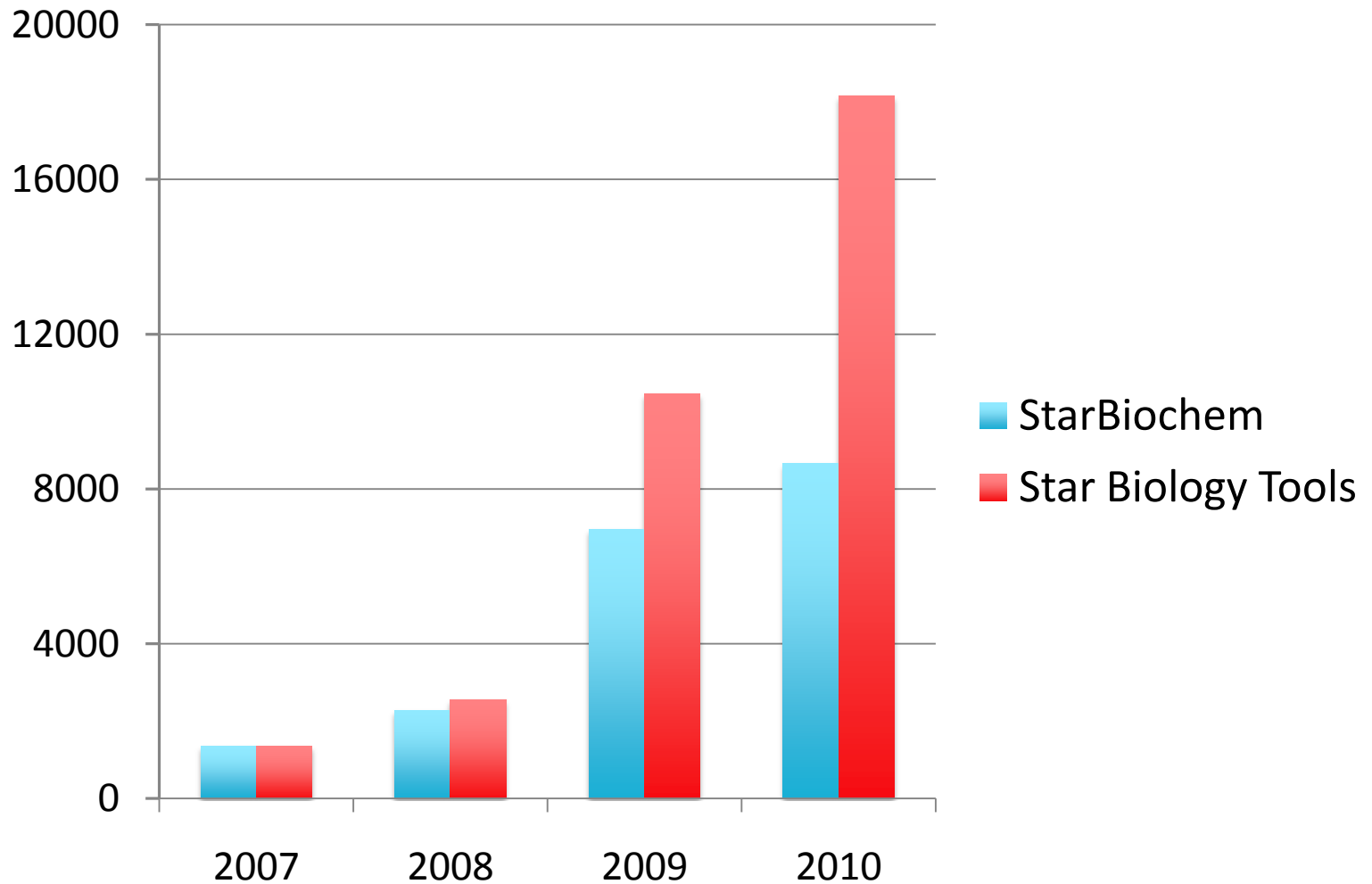
Genetics

Summer Pre-graduate Bridge Program

What **we** did to make tools more accessible to others and increase usage

- ▶ Create curriculum modules
- ▶ Conduct teacher/faculty training workshops
- ▶ Design and implement outreach activities
- ▶ Collaborate with wide range of educational institutions
- ▶ Assess how software tools impact students' learning experience
- ▶ Presented at scientific meetings and educational technology conferences
- ▶ Advertised through mail campaign and Google AdWords

STAR tools usage from 2007-2010





What IS StarGenetics?

StarGenetics: A virtual genetics laboratory

Developers:

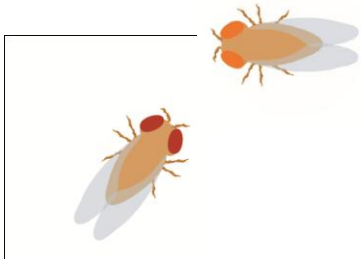
Faculty: Professor Chris Kaiser

Biology Education Group: Lourdes Alemán, Stacie Bumgarner

OEIT-STAR: Ivan Ceraj

Educational Goal:

To teach genetic concepts, experimental design & data interpretation

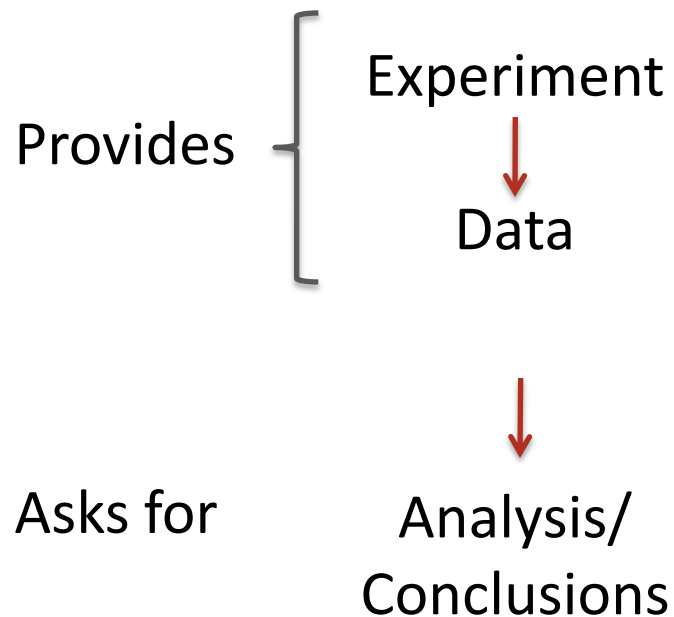


WHY was StarGenetics developed?

Limitations of traditional methods for teaching genetics concepts



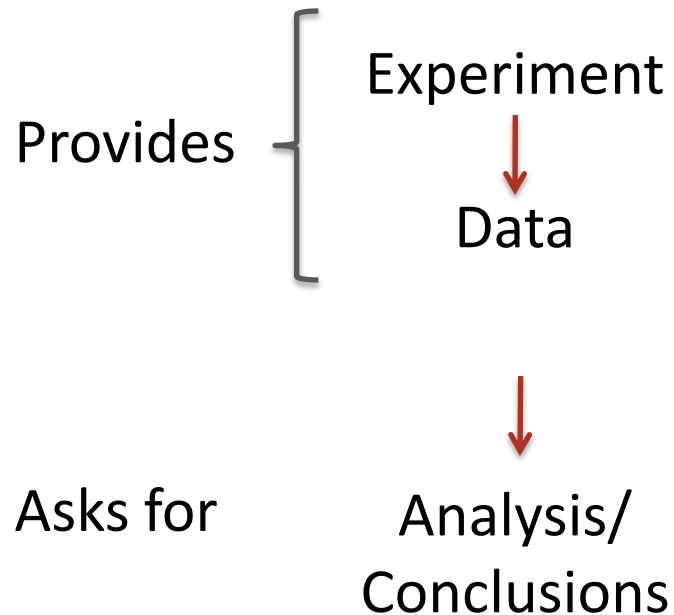
Typical genetics problem:



Limitations of traditional methods for teaching genetics concepts



Typical genetics problem:

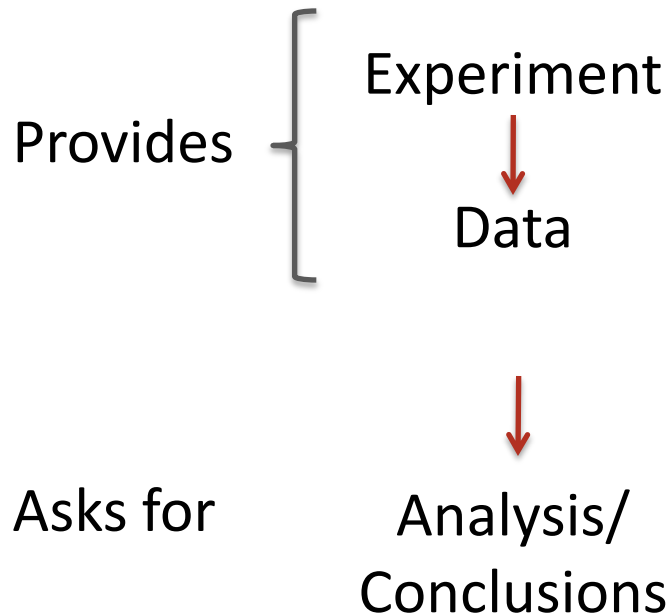


What's missing?

Limitations of traditional methods for teaching genetics concepts



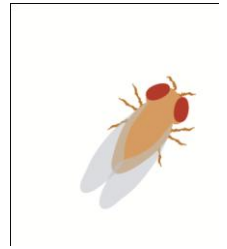
Typical genetics problem:



What's missing?

Doesn't teach students how to develop and test a hypothesis!

Teaching genetics in a real genetics lab is ideal, but is not always an option...



Cost

Establishing a genetics lab can be costly (\$10,000 - \$50,000).

Time

Genetics experiments can take longer than the time available to explore a concept.

Course design

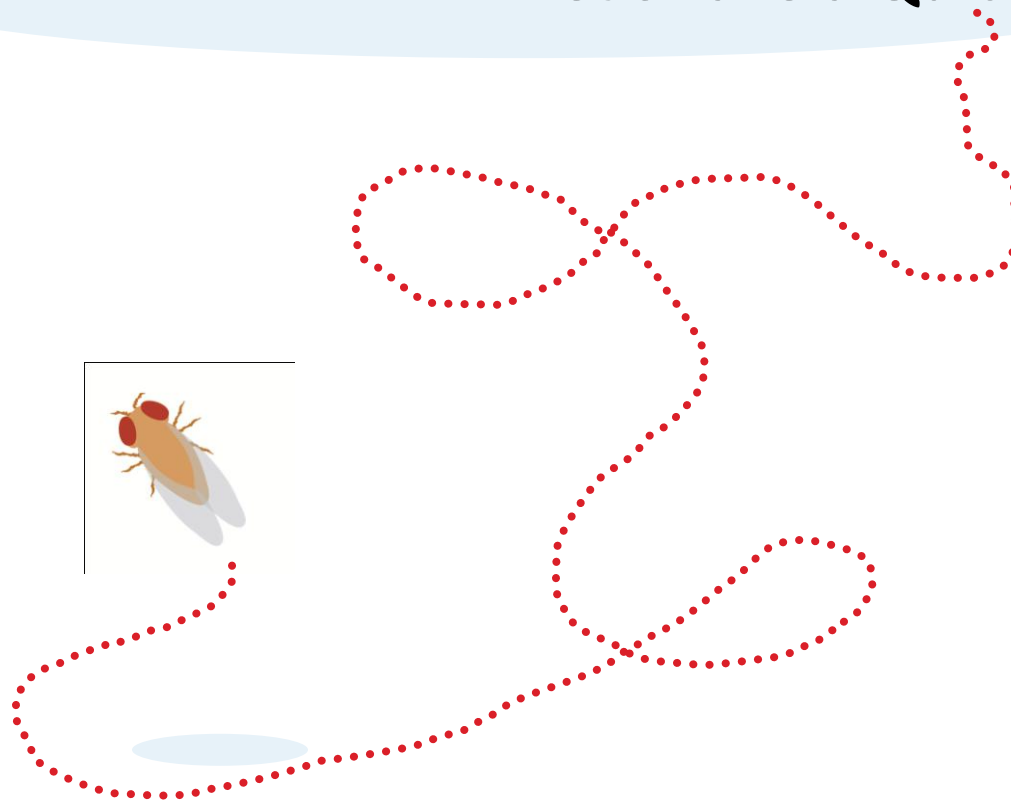
Not all genetic courses offer a lab component.

Virtual genetic cross simulator → **StarGenetics**

- ▶ Freely accessible: <http://web.mit.edu/star/genetics/>
- ▶ Platform independent (Windows, Mac, Unix/Linux)
- ▶ Simulates actual experimental process
- ▶ Address cost and time issues associated with traditional genetic labs
- ▶ Allows for in-class demos & new dimension to homeworks

StarGenetics Fruit Fly Visualizer

Let's Take a Quick Tour!



See Movie2: StarGenetics Fly Tour

StarGenetics allows for easy customization of exercises

Source Files = Encryptable Excel Workbooks

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with the following content:

StarGenetics Exercise Development Excel Workbook (Fly)

Introduction

1. StarGenetics exercises are developed in Excel. You can modify this Excel Workbook to develop your own StarGenetics exercise.

2. This Excel Workbook contains 5 additional tabs:

- Mating Engine**: this tab specifies the type of visualizer used within the software and its specific characteristics.
- Genes & Alleles**: this tab specifies the alleles and genes in question and their location within the genome.
- Genes Interaction**: this tab defines the relationship between genotypes and phenotypes.
- Gel**: this tab specifies the size of the DNA markers used in the exercise.
- Organisms for mating**: this tab defines the organisms presented by StarGenetics to the users.

The information presented in each tab is divided into 'Instructions' and 'Input'. 'Instructions' describes how to specify 'Input', which is the information within the Excel workbook that the software utilizes.

3. StarGenetics can open any properly formatted exercise that has been developed in Excel like this one (for ex: StarGenetics will open this exact Excel file as is). However, encrypting them is recommended so that users do not have access to the information. You can then provide the encrypted version to your users for them to open in StarGenetics.

To convert an Excel file into an encrypted SGZ format, click on 'Tools -> SGZ encryptor' and follow the instructions.

For further information on StarGenetics go to: <http://web.mit.edu/star/genetics/>

The spreadsheet interface includes a menu bar (New, Open, Save, Print, Import, Copy, Paste, Format, Undo, Redo, AutoSum, Sort A-Z, Sort Z-A, Gallery, Toolbox, Zoom, Help), a ribbon (Sheets, Charts, SmartArt Graphics, WordArt), and a sheet tab bar at the bottom (Introduction, Mating engine, Genes & Alleles, Genes interaction, Gel, Organisms for mating).

Modifiable characteristics in StarGenetics Fly

organism characteristics

progeny per cross, # of matings per organism, recombination rates for X & Y

genotypes & corresponding phenotypes

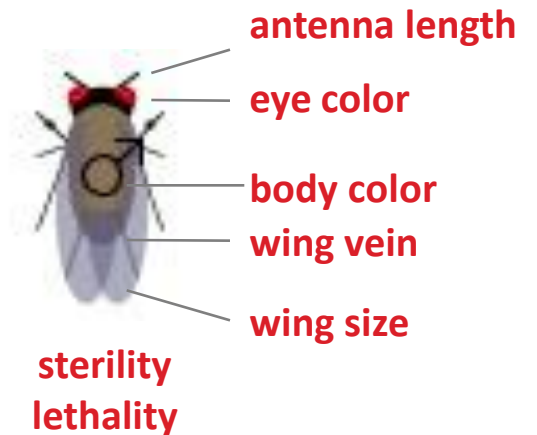
fly: 6 visible phenotypes, 1 nonvisible phenotype

genes interactions

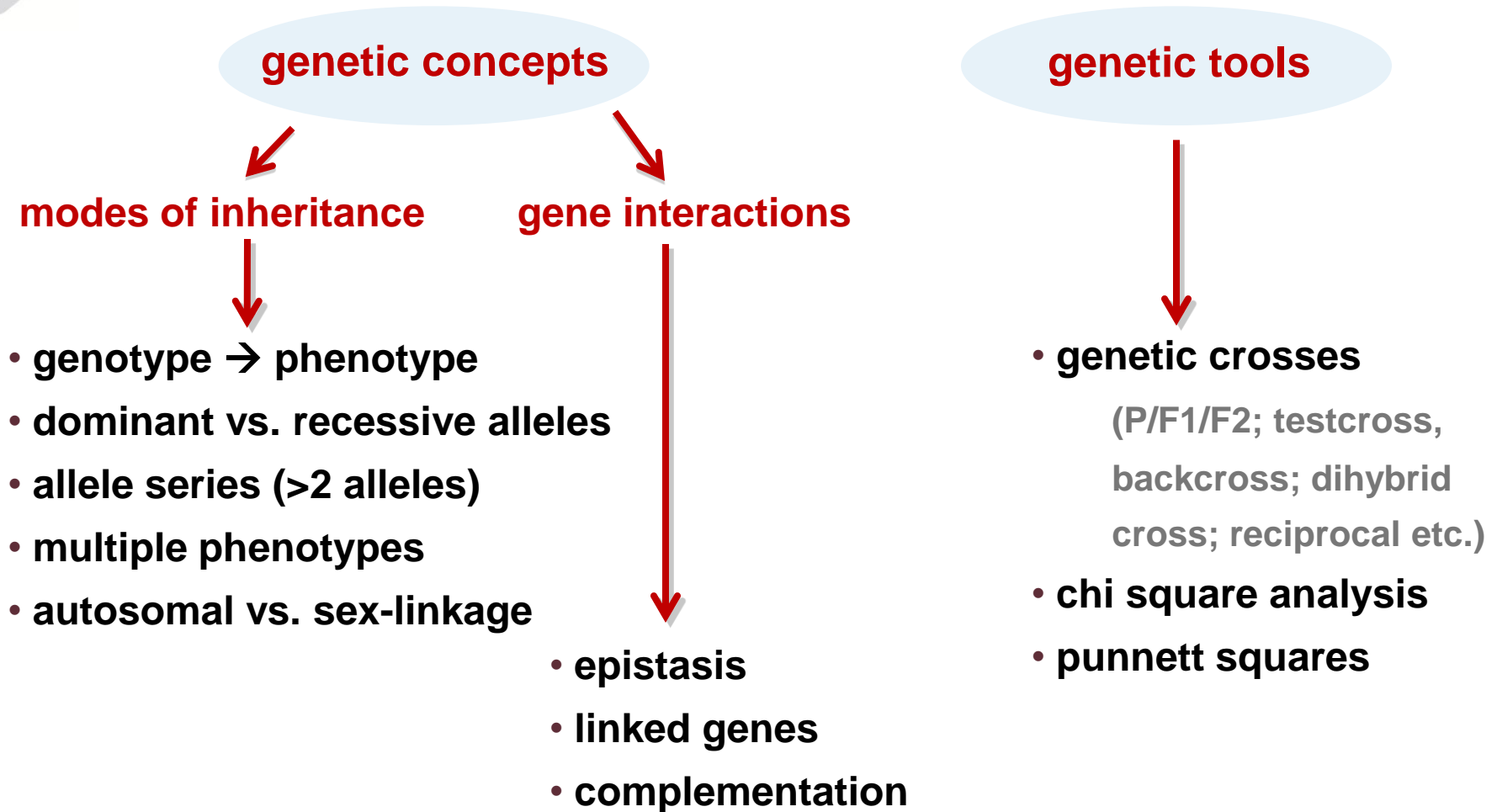
epistatic relationships, linkage

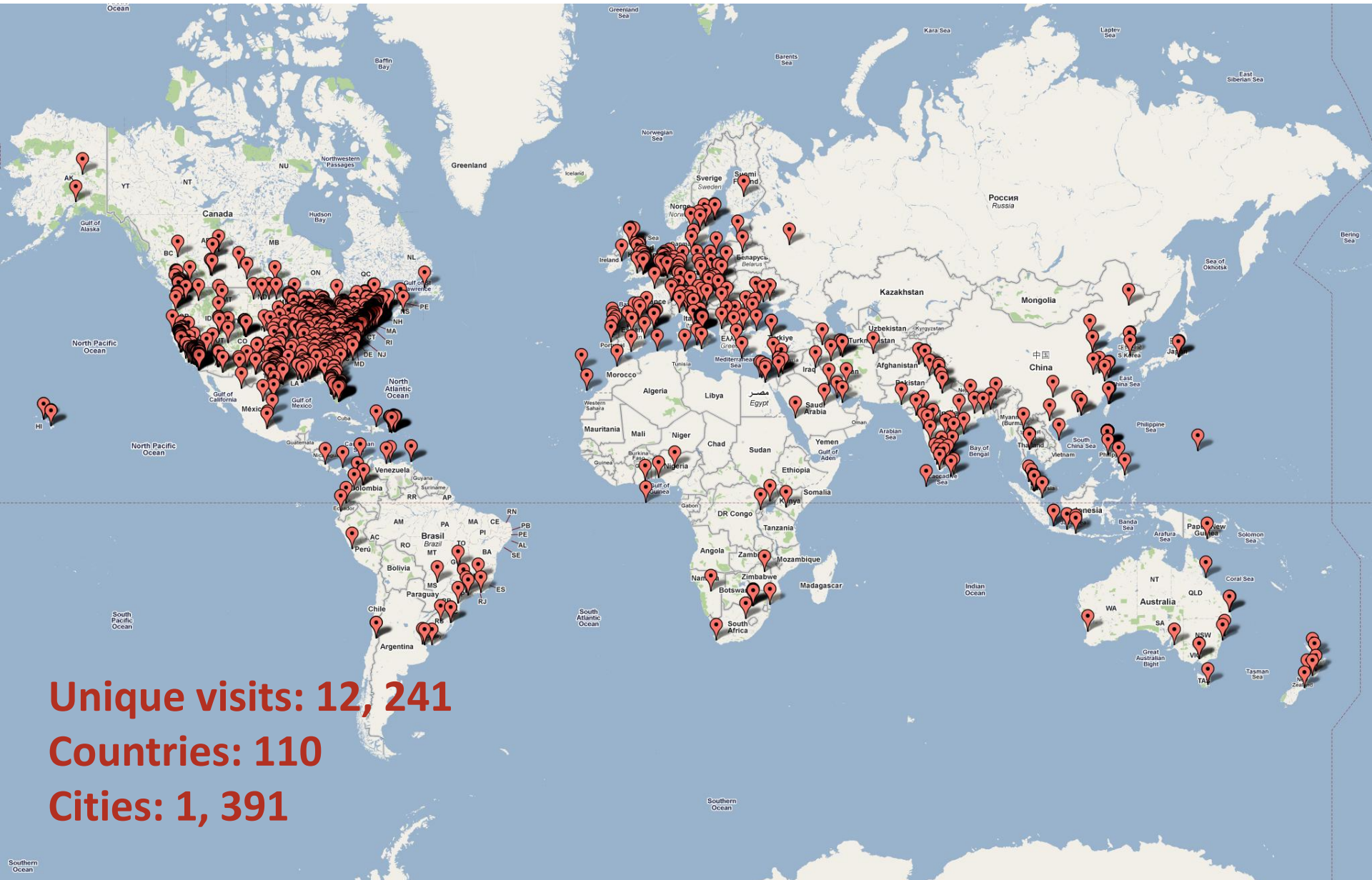
organisms

define which organisms will be available in Strains window



Concepts that can be taught using StarGenetics





Unique visits: 12, 241
Countries: 110
Cities: 1, 391

StarGenetics – Implementation, evaluation, outreach, & development

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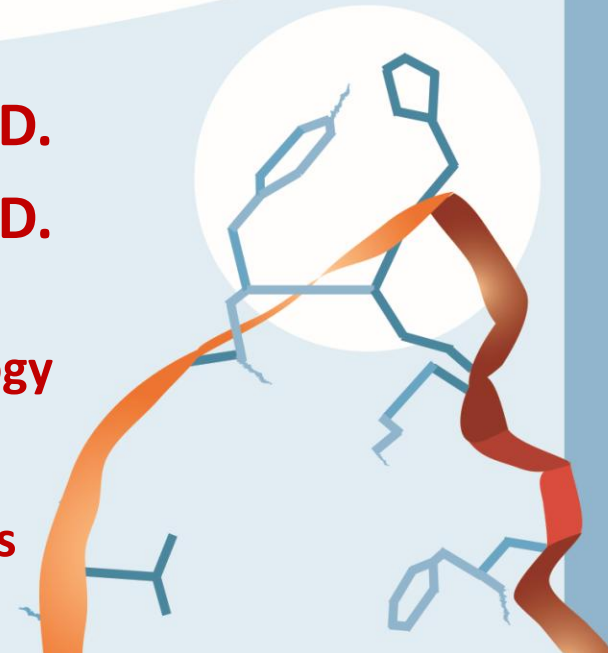
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Lourdes Alemán, Ph.D.

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star Software Tools for
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Talk Overview:



- ▶ **Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University –**
Trying out StarGenetics
in a variety of educational activities



- ▶ **Pilot study to evaluate learning outcomes –**
So much to learn about
how to study learning outcomes!



- ▶ **Outreach efforts**
Spreading the word and supporting others



- ▶ **Further development**
Additional software, more curriculum



Classical Genetics Lecture & Laboratory

Fall 2008 – Prior to StarGenetics Implementation

Fall 2009 – Full implementation of StarGenetics

▶ **Small class size (~20)**

- Intro course conducted like a seminar
- Knew all of my students

▶ **Limited resources**

- Had a laboratory component, but not well resourced
- Lots of contamination, fly death, student frustration

▶ **Heterogeneous student population**

- Preparation, ability?, interest, departmental culture



Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University



Trying out StarGenetics in a variety of educational activities...

▶ Lecture demos

- Effect of sample size and deviations due to chance
- Genetic linkage

▶ Dry laboratory fly exercise

- To help prepare students for wet lab fly exercise
- Enrich their learning experience, given obstacles

▶ Homeworks

- 1 to 2 weeks to work on each; increased in complexity
- Added dimension: Experimental thinking

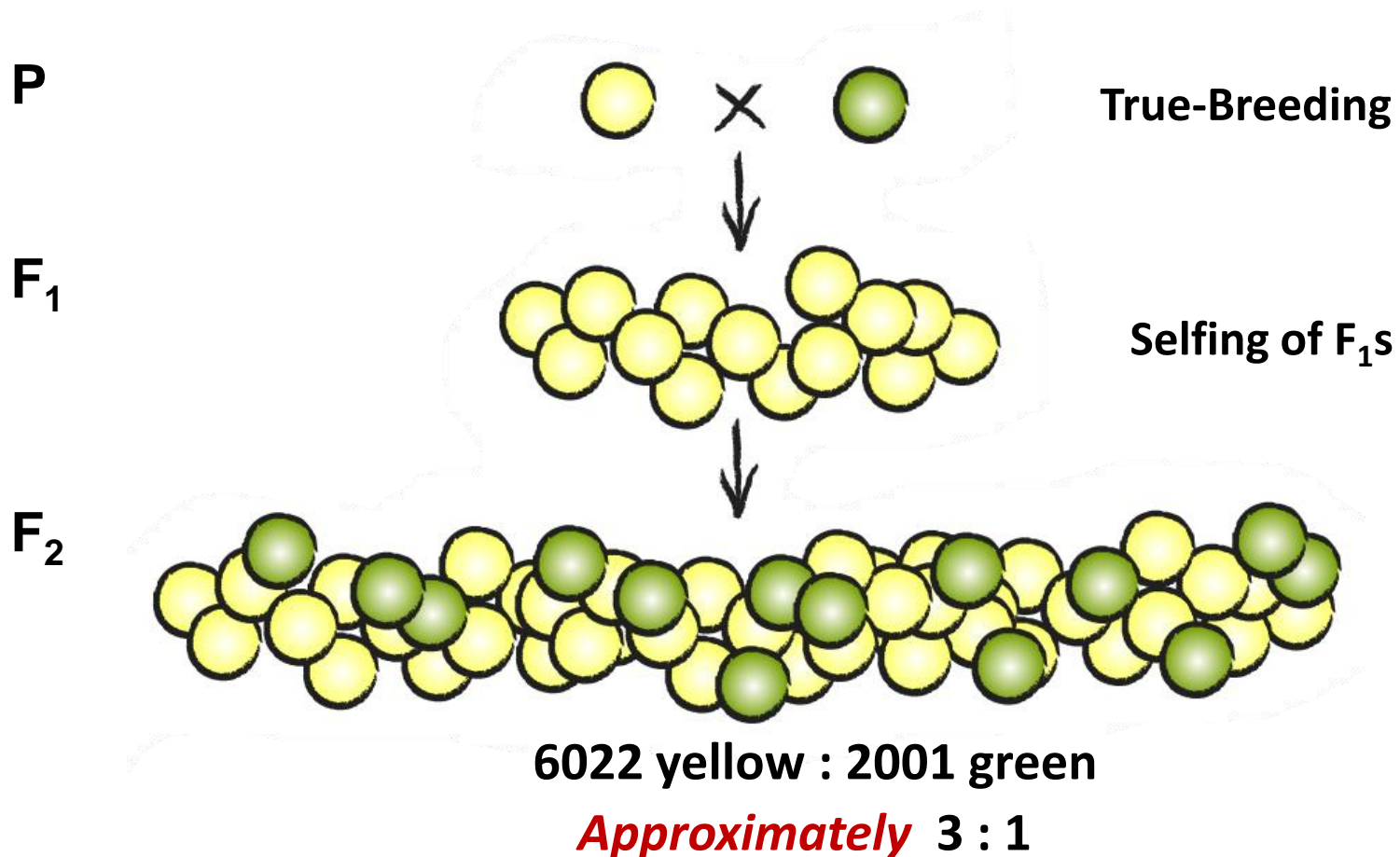




Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Lecture Demo: Why deviations due to chance?

How we typically introduce deviations due to chance...





Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Lecture Demo: Why deviations due to chance?

How we typically introduce deviations due to chance...

- ▶ **The SIZE of an experimental population (the sample size) is an important component of statistical significance.**
- ▶ **The larger the sample size, the closer observed percentages can be expected to match values predicted by an experimental hypothesis, if that hypothesis is correct.**



Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Lecture Demo: Why deviations due to chance?

Intuitive demonstrations with non-genetic examples...

Hypothesis.....This is a fair coin.

Results expected.....Heads 50%, Tails 50%



Suppose we flip this coin 10 times:

And observe: 4 heads : 6 tails

Do the observed results fit the hypothesis? Yes

1000 times:

400 heads : 600 tails

No

Even though the ratio (2:3) is exactly the same!





Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Lecture Demo: Why deviations due to chance?

Examples can be **GENETIC!** And can then perform statistical analysis...

When observing **SMALL** numbers of progeny, we sometimes observe **deviations from the expected ratio** due to chance...



Expect 3 WT : 1 ebony
Observe 4 WT : 1 ebony

Phenotypes			TOTAL
Count	10 (20%)	40 (80%)	50
Female	8	20	28
Male	2	20	22

But as the sample size of F₂ progeny grows **LARGER**, deviation from the expected ratio is diminished if hypothesis

is correct...

Expect 3 WT : 1 ebony
Observe 3 WT : 1 ebony

Phenotypes			TOTAL
Count	100 (25%)	300 (75%)	400
Female	61	140	201
Male	39	160	199

Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University



Trying out StarGenetics in a variety of educational activities...

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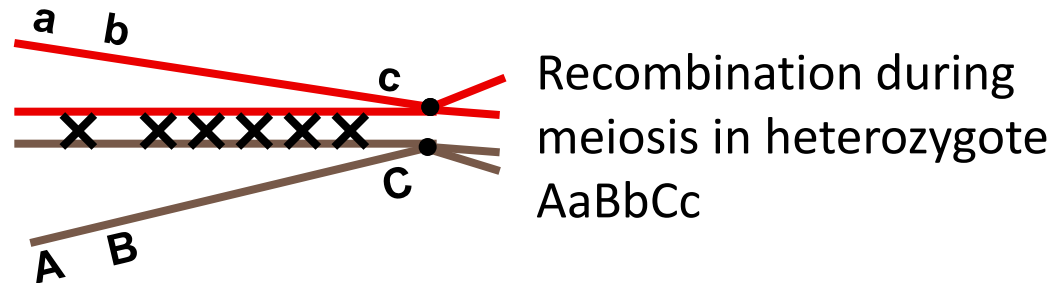




Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Lecture Demo: Why Linkage?

Lecture material on gene linkage usually goes something like this:



- ▶ The farther apart two genes are located from one another on the same chromosome, the more likely their alleles are to be separated from one another by recombination during meiosis.
- ▶ Genes located close together on the same chromosome assort together with a frequency that depends on the distance between them.



Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Lecture Demo: Why Linkage?

Often text-based examples are presented:

“You obtain the following testcross progeny...”

Brown body, Red eyes	35
Brown body, White eyes	14
Yellow body, Red eyes	17
Yellow body, White eyes	34
Total:	<u>100</u>



Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Lecture Demo: Why Linkage?

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Brown body, Red eyes	35	Parental types
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	<hr/>	
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Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Lecture Demo: Why Linkage?

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Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

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Total:		100

$$\text{Recombination Frequency (RF)} = \frac{\text{\# of Recombinants}}{\text{\# of Total Progeny}} \times 100$$

1% RF = 1 unit of measure along a chromosome
= 1 centimorgan (cM)
= 1 map unit (m.u.)



Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Lecture Demo: Why Linkage?

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Total:		<u>100</u>

When genes are unlinked, Parentals = Recombinants

50%

50%

Linkage is defined as Parentals > Recombinants



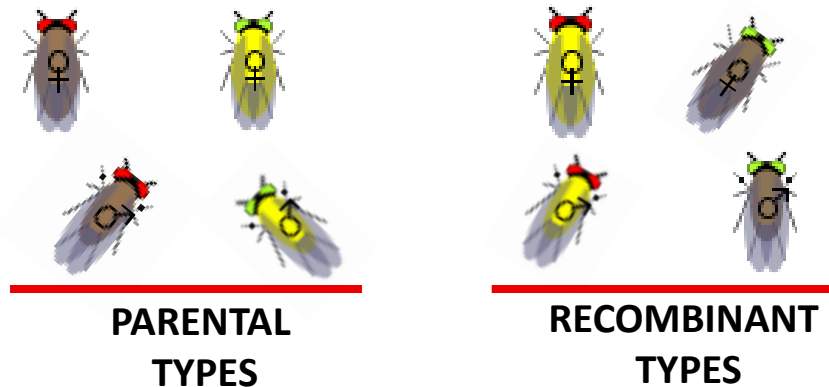
Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Lecture Demo: Why Linkage?

We thought that this information might seem very abstract to many students....

... and we wondered if we could more richly support the concept of gene linkage using StarGenetics in a concept demo.

... **A visual real-time demonstration of gene linkage!!**



See Movie3: StarGenetics Linkage Demo



Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Lecture Demo: Linkage!

Custom Source file constructed using **Excel Template** on website...

<http://web.mit.edu/star/genetics/problemsets/development/index.html>

On the “Genes & Alleles” Tab in Excel Source File:

INPUT

Alleles	Gene	Chromosome	Gene Location	Notes
G, g	Green eyes	2	1	recessive
Y3, y3	Yellow body	2	5	recessive
Y2, y2	Yellow body	2	30	recessive
Y1, y1	Yellow body	2	50	recessive

Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University



Trying out StarGenetics in a variety of educational activities...

▶ Lecture demos

- Effect of sample size and chi square tests
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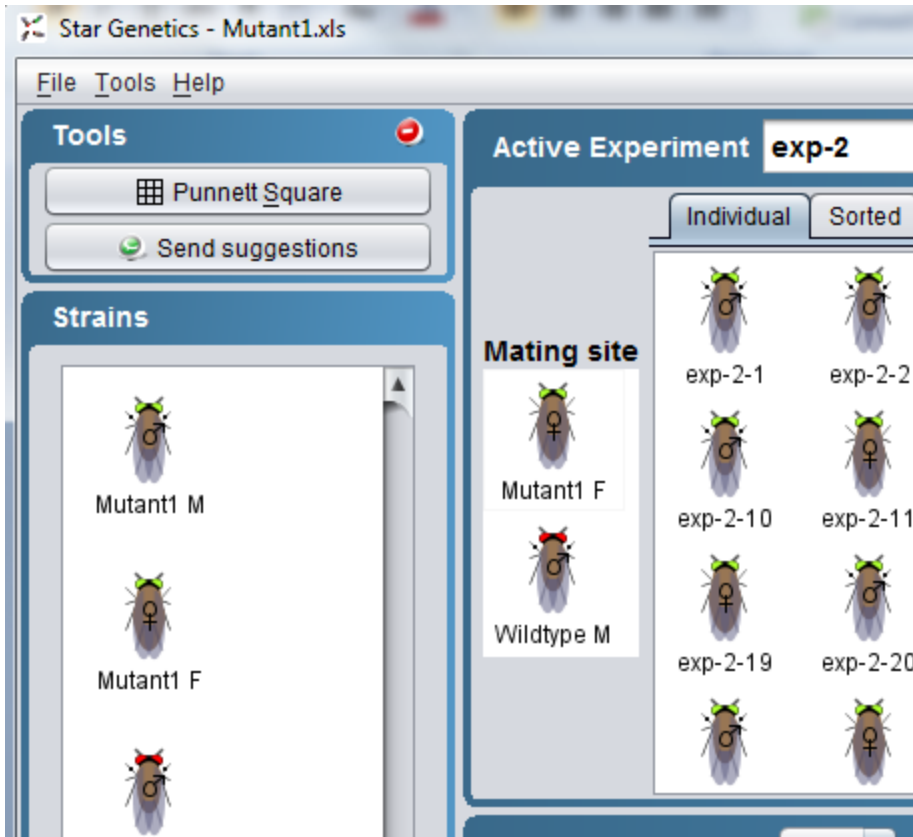
Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Dry Laboratory: Fly lab simulation

In preparation for live fly cross experiment:

- familiarize with modes of inheritance in active learning exercise
- improve interpretation of data collected from actual fly crosses

Given 4 StarGenetics source files containing WT flies + mutant flies:



1. Autosomal recessive
2. Autosomal dominant
3. X-linked recessive
4. X-linked dominant

Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University



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Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University

StarGenetics Homeworks:

- ▶ **Started with simple concepts**
 - Students need time to get familiar with the software
 - Builds confidence
- ▶ **Increased complexity over time**
 - Followed increasing complexity of course curriculum
 - Limit matings
 - Limit provided flies (so students generate flies they need)
- ▶ **Versions of homeworks used now available on website**
<http://web.mit.edu/star/genetics/problemsets/index.html>

See Movie4: StarGenetics Homework Sample 1

See Movie5: StarGenetics Homework Sample 2



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- ▶ **Pilot study to evaluate learning outcomes –**
So much to learn about
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- ▶ **Outreach efforts**
Spreading the word and supporting others



- ▶ **Further development**
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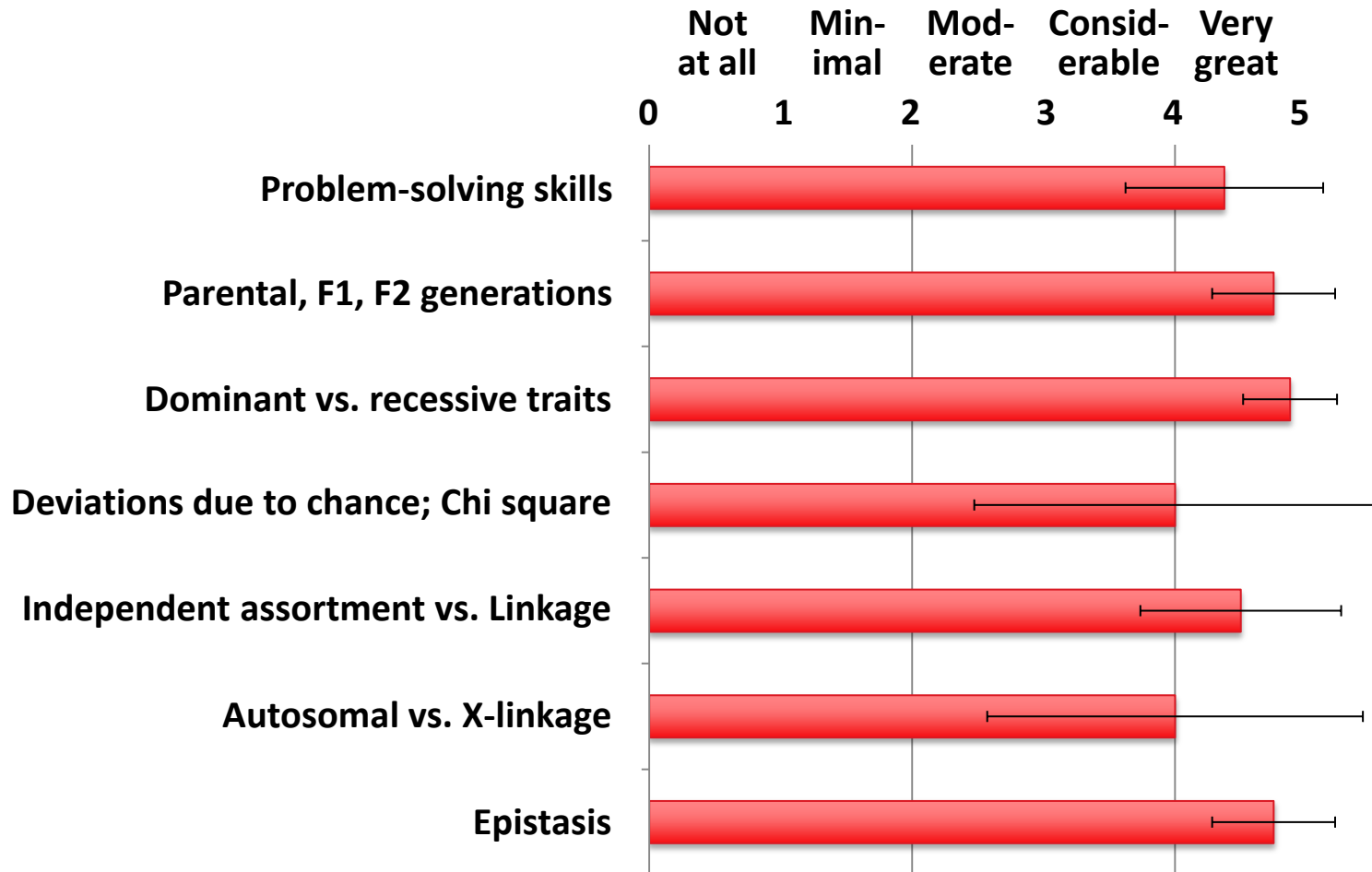




Pilot Study to Evaluate Learning Outcomes

How effective is StarGenetics in supporting student learning?

Student Survey Results... Learning specific Skills & Concepts

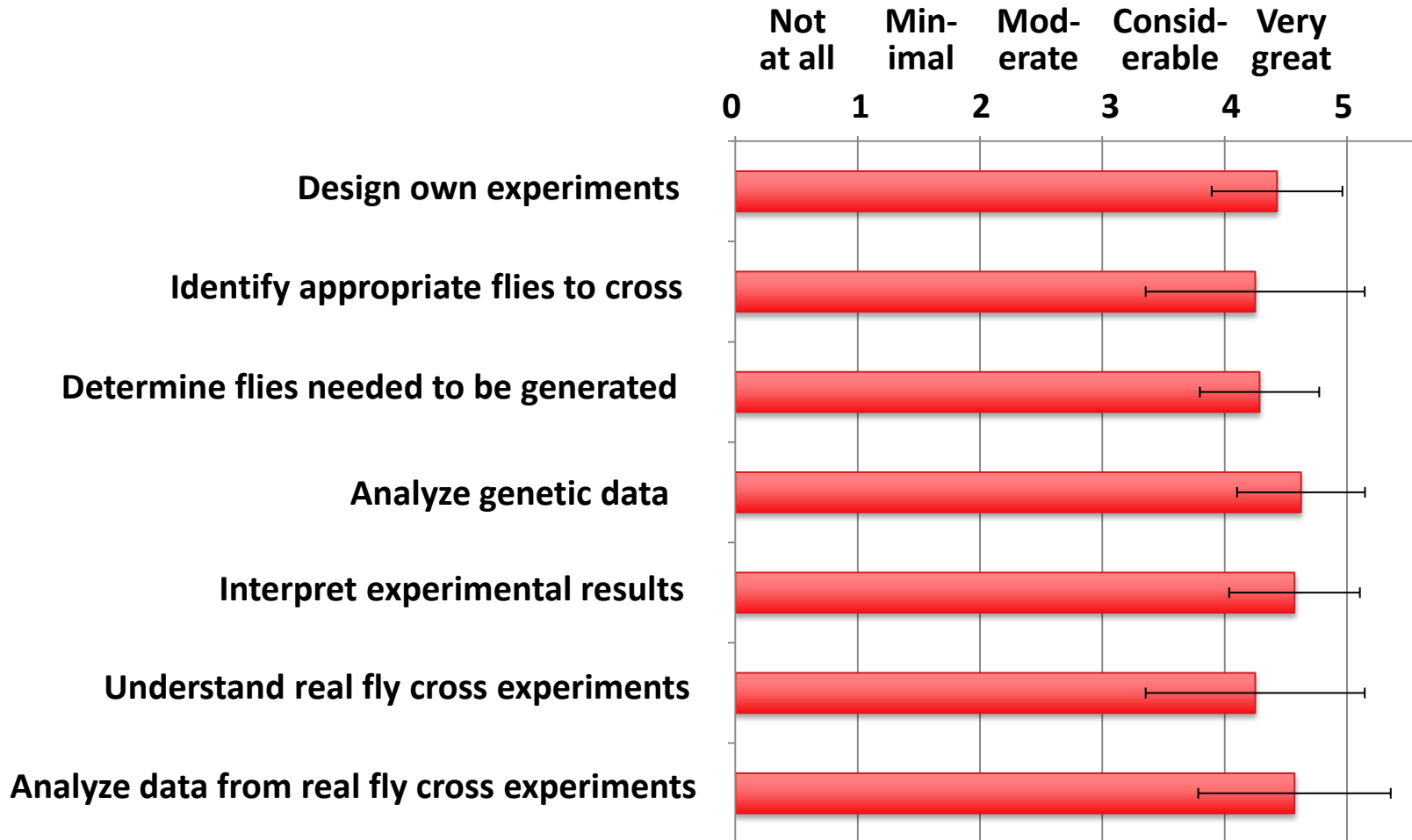




Pilot Study to Evaluate Learning Outcomes

How effective is StarGenetics in supporting student learning?

Student Survey Results... Learning how to Design Experiments

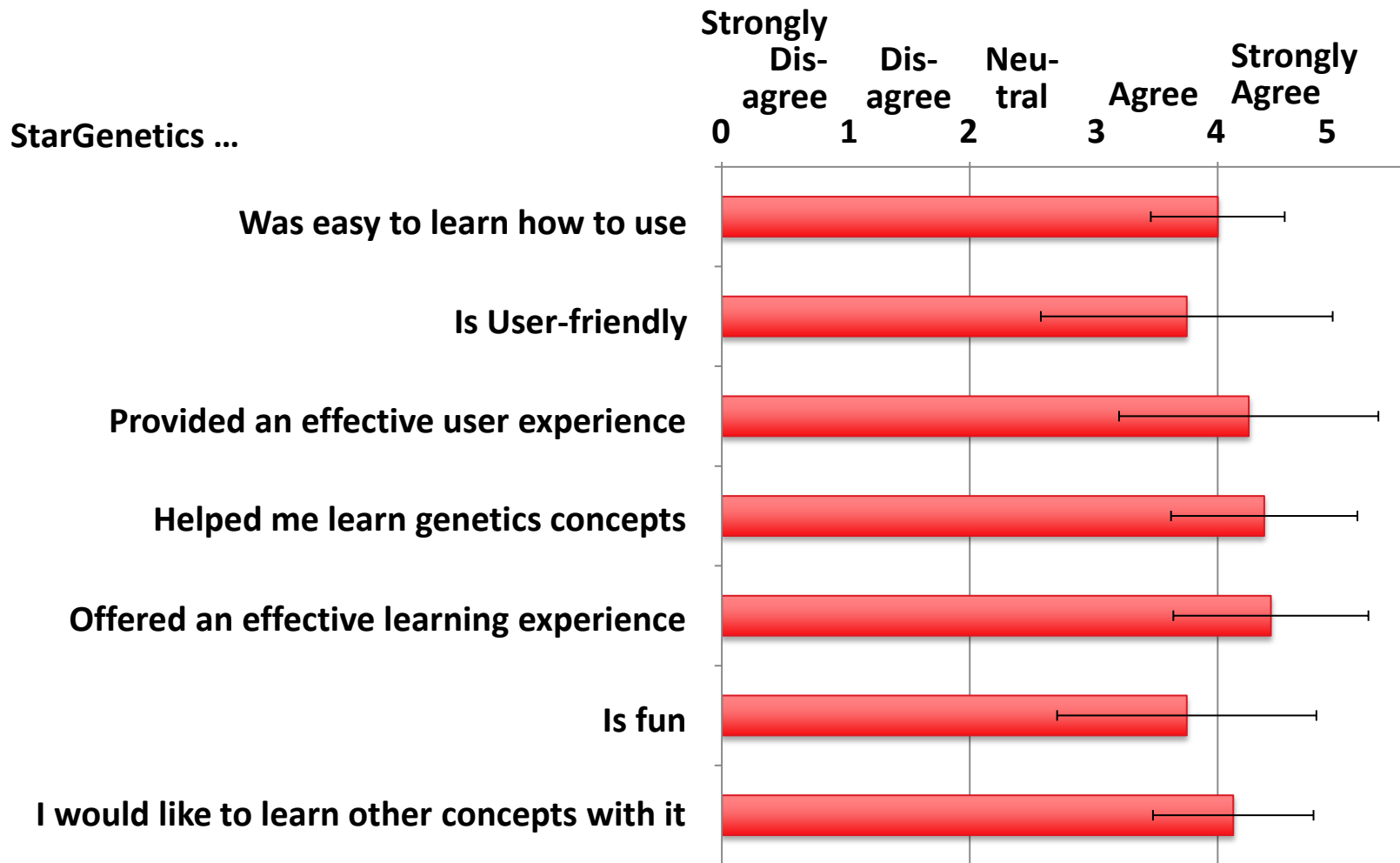




Pilot Study to Evaluate Learning Outcomes

How effective is StarGenetics in supporting student learning?

Student Survey Results... Providing a Positive Learning Experience





Pilot Study to Evaluate Learning Outcomes

Caveat of surveys...

- ▶ Rely on Self-reporting by Students
- ▶ Students often want to please you...



We wanted to go further with evaluation...



Challenges of evaluating educational outcomes...

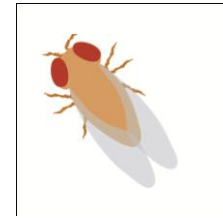
- ▶ Our first time doing THIS kind of research...
- ▶ Different methodologies and analyses
- ▶ Small sample size ($n < 20$)
- ▶ Ethical considerations...
 - human subjects
 - students \neq guinea pigs
 - cases versus controls





Pilot Study to Evaluate Learning Outcomes

Helpful resources available!



▶ Existing vetted assessment tools

- Go to www.visionandchange.org to download AAAS/NSF report:

**VISION AND CHANGE IN UNDERGRADUATE BIOLOGY
EDUCATION: A CALL TO ACTION** (see page 25)

▶ MIT Teaching & Learning Lab

- Dr. Lisa Shuler, Dr. Rudy Mitchell, Dr. Lori Breslow (Director)

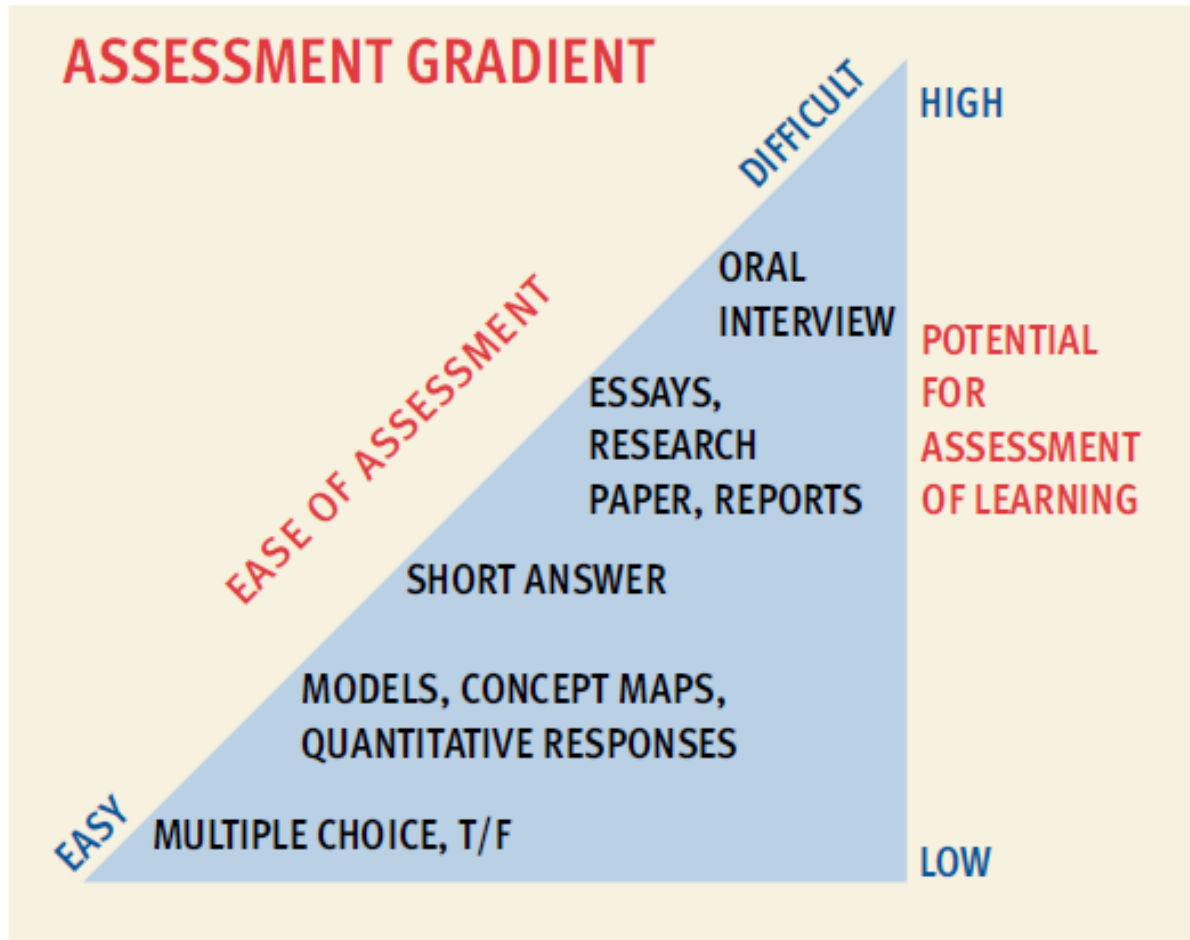
▶ MIT COUHES & IRB

- Ethics Training, Informed consent, Approval, etc.



Pilot Study to Evaluate Learning Outcomes

Choosing tools to use in our evaluation...



From Janet Batzli, Biology Core Curriculum, University of Wisconsin-Madison & Tammy Long, Plant Biology, Michigan State University



Pilot Study to Evaluate Learning Outcomes

Tools used for evaluation of StarGenetics in Pilot Study

- ▶ Surveys

- ▶ Pre/Mid/Post Concept Quiz

- BCI Assessment test (M. Klymkowsky & K. Garvin-Doxas)

- ▶ Open-Ended Exam Questions

- Assess ability to design experiments appropriate to answer a given question

- ▶ Rubric-based comparison of formal lab reports

- Before & after StarGenetics implementation

- Rubric available: <http://web.mit.edu/tll/teaching-materials/rubrics/LabReportRubric-Fall09.pdf>





Pilot Study to Evaluate Learning Outcomes

Tools used for evaluation of StarGenetics in Pilot Study

BCI Assessment test (M. Klymkowsky & K. Garvin-Doxas)



- ▶ > 18,000 student responses to 69 open-ended, short essay questions
- ▶ Responses analyzed with Ed's Tools system (<http://edstools.colorado.edu>) to identify response categories & student language
- ▶ Researchers used responses to generate “think-aloud” interview protocols
- ▶ ~20 students were interviewed “in depth”
- ▶ Lead to construction of multiple-choice questions with distractors
- ▶ Follow-up interviews conducted for validation
- ▶ Piloted in a number of University biology classes across country



Pilot Study to Evaluate Learning Outcomes

Tools used for evaluation of StarGenetics in Pilot Study

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▶ Pre/Mid/Post Concept Quiz

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▶ Open-Ended Exam Questions

- Assess ability to design experiments appropriate to answer a given question

▶ Rubric-based comparison of formal lab reports

- Before & after StarGenetics implementation
- Rubric available: <http://web.mit.edu/tll/teaching-materials/rubrics/LabReportRubric-Fall09.pdf>





Pilot Study to Evaluate Learning Outcomes

How effective is StarGenetics in supporting student learning?

A work in progress... (analogous to a lab meeting!)

- ▶ Now in process of analyzing collected data
- ▶ Plan to share results here and in publication
- ▶ Much learned from experience with pilot study
- ▶ Better prepared for larger study
 - MIT faculty open to evaluations in their courses





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Additional software, more curriculum





Outreach: A critical component of Education Innovation



- ▶ Without active outreach, many education initiatives die at the site of local innovation.

Fairweather, J. (2008). **Linking Evidence and Promising Practices in Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) Education: A Status Report.**

Commissioned paper presented at NRC workshop on Evidence on Selected Promising Practices in Undergraduate Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) Education

(Washington, D.C., The National Academies National Research Council Board of Science Education).



Outreach Efforts



Example Users:

► Undergraduate college students

Introductory Biology (MIT, Tufts, Howard University)

Introductory Genetics (MIT, Suffolk University)

University Outreach Programs (MIT Quantitative Biology WS,
MIT Summer Bridge Program)

► High school students

Medford HS & Monument HS (Boston Public Schools)

Teacher training programs (Boston Public Schools)

High School Outreach Programs (Broad Institute)

High School Fieldtrips (MIT Biology Department)



Outreach Efforts



Workshops & Demos for faculty, instructors, & TAs:

E.g., Howard University, [University of Colorado](#),
[Roxbury Community College](#), Florida International University,
MIT QBW2011, [Brazilian Santander Universities and CERTI](#),
MIT-Haiti Initiative, [JFY Networks](#), Whitehead Teacher Partners

Support for remote users: star@mit.edu

E.g., [University of Chicago](#), Colchester High School (VT),
New College of Florida, [Pacific Lutheran University \(WA\)](#)

Focus groups:

E.g., High School Teachers ([Whitehead Teacher Partners](#))



Talk Overview:



- ▶ **Implementing StarGenetics at Suffolk University –**
Trying out StarGenetics
in a variety of educational activities



- ▶ **Pilot study to evaluate learning outcomes –**
So much to learn about
how to study learning outcomes!



- ▶ **Outreach efforts**
Spreading the word and supporting others



- ▶ **Further development**
Additional software, more curriculum



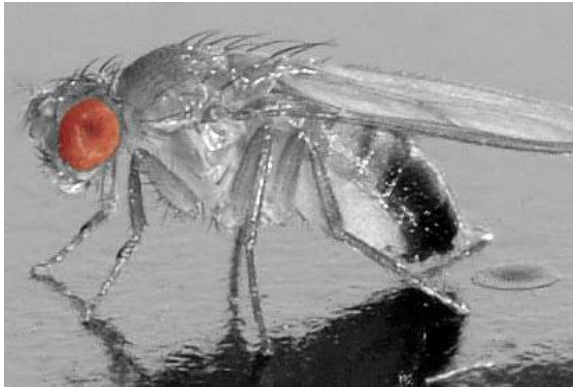


Further development

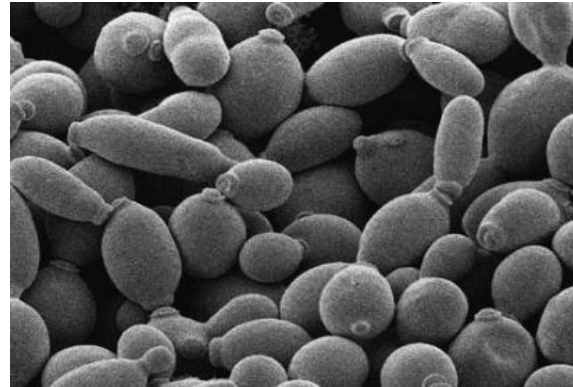
StarGenetics visualizers

Currently Available:

Flies



Yeast



plus:
**Smileys
&
Lego fish**

In progress:



StarGenetics genetic cross simulator: Yeast

Star Genetics - YeastSourceFile.xls

File Tools Help

Suggestion box

Send suggestions

Strains

Strain 1

Strain 2

Strain 3

Strain 4 rec ade-auxotroph

Strain 5

Strain 6

Properties

Name Strain 4

rec ade-auxotroph

Notes

Active Experiment exp-1

Sporulate Save experiment Discard

Mating site

Strain 6 Strain 4

Diploid

Tetrads Notes Select lawn

Tetrads	Notes	Select lawn
1	TT	None
2	TT	Strain 1
3	PD	Strain 2
4	TT	Strain 3
5	TT	Strain 4
6	TT	Strain 5
7	TT	Strain 6
8	TT	
9	NPD	
10	NPD	

Select media

-Ade

-Leu

YPD

YPGlycerol

YPGlycerol YPD -Ade

YPGlycerol YPD -Ade

YPGlycerol YPD -Ade

YPGlycerol YPD -Ade

Add Discard Discard Discard

Saved experiments Rename Discard

See Movie6: StarGenetics Yeast Tour



Further development

<http://web.mit.edu/star/genetics/documentation/index.html>

STAR: Genetics - StarGenetics - Men...

star

STAR Projects

Biochem Genetics Orf Biogene Hydro Molsim Hpc Cluster

star genetics StarGenetics - Mendelian Genetics Virtual Lab User Manual

genetics

- Home
- User Manual
- Video Tutorial
- Sample Exercises
- Screenshots
- Old site
- Curriculum Development
- Beta
- Download

StarGenetics - Mendelian Genetics Virtual Lab User Manual

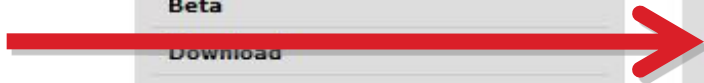
Learn how to set up and analyze experiments in StarGenetics.

Contents

- [Welcome to StarGenetics](#)
- [Opening StarGenetics](#)
- [StarGenetics at a glance](#)
- [Fly exercises](#)
 - [Mating experiment](#)
- [Punnett Square tool](#)
- [Yeast exercises](#)
 - [Non-tetrad experiments](#)
 - [Tetrad experiments](#)
- [Renaming experiments & organisms](#)

User Manual:

Learn more about StarGenetics Yeast!





Further development

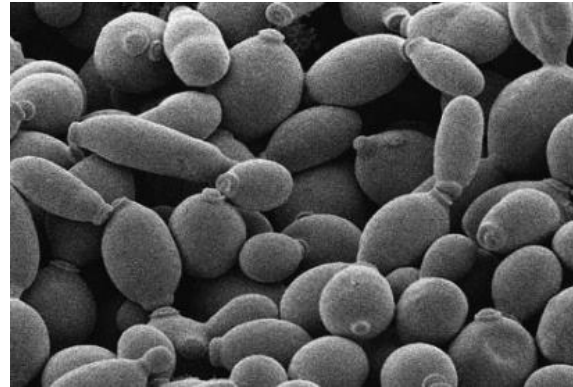
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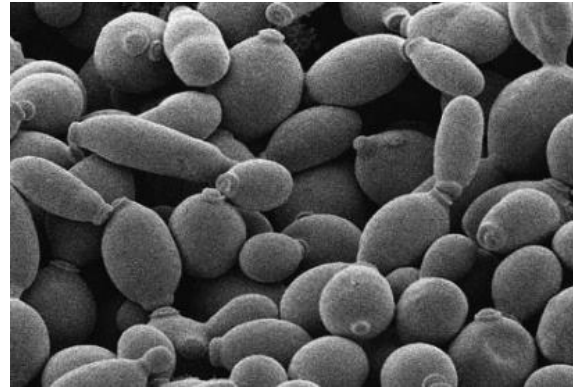
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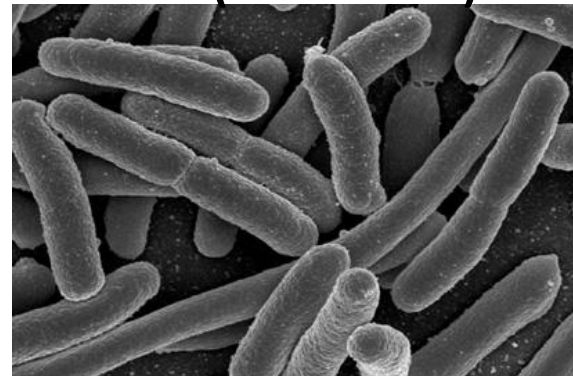
plus:
**Smileys
&
Lego fish**

In progress:

Mendel's Peas (Summer 2011)



Bacteria (2011-2012)



Acknowledgements

Star Team

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Katherine Wahl

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Broad Institute
Howard University
MIT Museum
Suffolk University
Tufts University

